1 2 WAGANAKISING ODAWAK STATUTE 2015-008 PERSONAL PROTECTION ORDERS and NO CONTACT ORDERS and 3 VIOLATIONS of PROTECTIVE ORDERS 4 5 6 7 SECTION I. **PURPOSE** 8 9 The purpose of this Statute is to provide for Personal Protection Orders. This Statute 10 repeals and replace WOS 2015-008 Personal Protection Orders and No Contact Orders 11 and Violations of Protective Orders. 12 13 14 15 SECTION II. **DEFINITIONS** 16 17 "Course of conduct" means a pattern of conduct composed of a series of two (2) A. 18 or more separate non-continuous acts or an ongoing continuous act. 19 20 В. "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or distress that may, but 21 does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling. 22 23 C. "Harassment" means conduct directed toward a victim that includes, but is not 24 limited to, repeated or continuing un-consented contact that would cause a reasonable 25 individual to suffer emotional distress and that actually causes the victim to suffer 26 emotional distress. 27 28 D. "Minor" or "Juvenile" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18 29 years. 30 31 E. "Non-Domestic Protection Order" or "NDPO" means an order issued by Tribal 32 Court or a Court of Competent Jurisdiction to address or prevent stalking. Such orders 33 are not intended for disputes between neighbors. 34 Page 1 of 14 Personal Protection Orders And No Contact Orders And Violations Of Protective Orders-sponsored by Councilor Marty Van De Car

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1	F. "Stalking" means a willful course of conduct involving repeated or continuing			
2	harassment of another individual that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized,			
3	frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested and that actually causes the			
4	victim to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested.			
5				
6	G. Revised G. "Territorial Jurisdiction of the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa			
7	Indians" means "areas referred to in Public Law 103-324, 25 U.S.C. Section 1300k-			
8	2(b)(2)(A), as the boundaries of the reservations for the Little Traverse Bay Bands as set			
9	out in Article I, paragraphs 'third and fourth' of the Treaty of 1855, 11 Stat. 621",			
10	including all land which is held in trust by the United States government for the benefit of			
11	the Tribe or an individual member of the Tribe and/or as otherwise described by			
12	applicable federal law or court opinion. Little Traverse Bay Bands Constitution, Article			
13	IV, section A and B, Article V, section (A)(1)(a); WOTC 9.101C2			
14	"Territorial Jurisdiction of the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians"			
15	means "areas referenced in Public Law 103-324, 25 USC Section 1300k-2(b)(2)(A) as			
16	the boundaries of the reservations for the Little Traverse Bay Bands as set out in Article			
17	I, paragraphs 'third and fourth' of the Treaty of 1855, 11 Stat.621." Little Traverse Bay			
18	Bands Constitution, Article V (A) (1) (a).			
19				
20	G.H. "Tribal Court" means the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians Tribal			
21	Court.			
22				
23	<b>H.I.</b> "Tribal Member" means a person who is an enrolled Citizen a federally			
24	recognized Tribe.			
25				
26	H.J. "Tribe" or "LTBB" means the Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians.			
27				
28	## "Unconsented contact" means any contact with another individual that is initiated			
29	or continued without that individual's consent or in disregard of that individual's			
30	expressed desire that the contact be avoided or discontinued. Unconsented contact			
31	includes, but is not limited to, the following:			
32				
33	<b>1.</b> Following or appearing within the sight of that individual.			
34				
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1		2.	Approaching or confronting that individual in a public place or on private	
2		property.		
3				
4		3.	Appearing at that individual's workplace or residence.	
5				
6		4.	Entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased, or occupied by that	
7		individ	lual.	
8				
9		5.	Contacting that individual by telephone.	
10				
11		6.	Sending mail or electronic communications to that individual.	
12				
13				
14		7.	Placing an object on, delivering an object, or causing an object to be	
15		delive	red to the victim's residence, place of work or property owned, leased, or	
16		occupi	ed by that individual.	
17				
18				
19	SEC'	TION II	I. CIVIL JURISDICITON	
20				
21			ction. The Tribal Court has full jurisdiction and authority to issue and	
22			ction Orders against all persons who are Indians; who live or work within	
23	the territorial jurisdiction of LTBB; or who are a spouse, intimate partner or dating			
24	partn	er of an l	Indian.	
25				
26	SEC	TION IV	V. PROTECTION ORDERS	
27				
28	A.		of Personal Protection Orders. There are two types of Personal	
29		Protec	tion Orders (PPO), non-domestic and domestic. A PPO shall clearly	
30		indicat	te whether it is a domestic or non-domestic PPO.	
31				
32	В.		ace of PPO. PPOs may be granted either ex parte or after a hearing. If a	
33			g is requested the Tribal Court shall provide at least a seven (7) days notice	
34		of the	hearing to the Petitioner and the Respondent. Notice of the hearing shall be	
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1 2 3		then	the cou	erved upon the parties. If personal service cannot be accomplished, rt shall accomplish service in a manner consistent with the Tribal of Civil Procedure.
4 5	C.	Crite	eria for	<b>issuance of PPO</b> . The Tribal Court, upon finding that the
6				has engaged in one or more of the following acts, shall issue a PPO:
7				
8		1.	Stalk	ing the Petitioner;
9		_		
10		2.		ing threats of physical violence directed at the Petitioner and/or the
11				minor child(ren), whether or not the threat was part of a pattern of
12		cond		
13		3.		ing threats to destroy, damage, or cause harm to the Petitioner's
14		prope	erty, wh	ether or not the threat was part of a pattern of conduct;
15				
16		4.		eting emotional distress on the Petitioner as part of a pattern of
17		condi	uct to co	ontrol and/or isolate the Petitioner;
18		_		
19		5.		re the Respondent was convicted under tribal, federal or state law, of
20		perpe	etrating	one or more of the following crimes against the Petitioner:
21			a.	criminal sexual conduct;
22			b.	assault;
23			c.	battery;
24			d.	domestic violence;
25			e.	kidnapping;
26			f.	rape;
27			g.	trafficking;
28			h.	torture;
29			i.	any crime involving the use, or threatened use, of a weapon;
30			j.	any crime involving the use, or threatened use, of force and/or
31			viole	nce;
32			k.	Making threats to take, remove, harm, abduct, kidnap, or conceal
33			the P	etitioner's minor child(ren).
34				
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1	D.	Requ	tired findings to enter PPO ex parte. Prior to entering a PPO ex parte, the
2	Tribal Court must make a finding based on testimony and/or other relevant evidence from		
3	the Petitioner that:		
4			
5		1.	Petitioner requested an ex parte PPO; and
6			
7		2.	Respondent committed one or more of the acts listed in subsection (C);
8		and	
9			
10		3.	The delay caused by failing to grant the PPO ex parte would result in
11		irrepa	arable injury, loss, or damage to the Petitioner or notice of a hearing or of the
12		reque	est itself would precipitate adverse action before the PPO could be issued.
13			
14	E.	Evid	ence for ex parte PPO; Consideration by Tribal Court. The Tribal Court
15	may	conside	r the following when determining whether to grant or deny an ex parte PPO:
16			
17		1.	Medical reports of injuries;
18			
19		2.	Police reports;
20			
21		3.	Pictures of injuries;
22			
23		4.	Evidence of damage to household, personal items or vehicles;
24			
25		5.	Copies of relevant criminal convictions of the Respondent;
26			
27		6.	A personal diary or calendar documenting abuse;
28			
29		7.	Email, social media or text messages;
30			
31		8.	Affidavits from witnesses.
32			
33	F.		ions applicable to ex parte PPOs. An ex parte PPO is effective when it is
34		signed	by the judge and is immediately enforceable whether or not the Respondent
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1	h	duration of the DDO. The following information shall be noted in held on	
1 2	has received notice of the PPO. The following information shall be noted in bold or		
	capitai iette	rs on the <i>ex parte</i> order "Advising the Respondent that":	
3	1 "\	You have the right to request a hearing to contest the ex parte PPO or any	
5		and the PPO, within 14 days".	
6	CC	midition of the PPO, within 14 days.	
7	2 "7	The <i>ex parte</i> order shall remain in effect until it expires or is dismissed	
8		the Court."	
9	0,	The Court.	
10	3. "I	f you fail to request a hearing regarding the PPO, then you lose any right	
11		contest the ex parte PPO".	
12			
13	<b>4.</b> "V	When the hearing is set, if you fail to appear, the ex parte PPO will stay	
14	in	effect."	
15			
16	G. Condition	ns of PPO. After determination that a PPO should be issued, the Tribal	
17	Court may impos	se any of the following conditions as part of a PPO:	
18			
19		ohibit the Respondent from threatening to physically harm, injure or kill	
20	Petitioner	and/or the Petitioner's minor child(ren)	
21			
22		ohibit the Respondent from threatening to commit, or committing, acts	
23	of harassi	ment against the Petitioner or other family or household members;	
24	2 D	17774 70 1 46 1 1 1 1 1 1	
25		rohibit the Respondent from harassing, annoying, telephoning,	
26 27	-	g, or otherwise communicating with the Petitioner, either directly or through a third-party including minor children, except as otherwise	
28	•	or permitted by court order;	
29	required (	of permitted by court order,	
30	<b>4.</b> Pr	whibit the Respondent from appearing at, or entering the home of the	
31		and/or the Petitioner's minor child(ren);	
32			
33	<b>5.</b> Pr	ohibit the Respondent from appearing at any location where the	
34		is likely to be, including:	
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1			
2		a.	the Petitioner's school;
3		b.	the school where the Petitioner's minor child(ren) attend;
4		c.	the Petitioner's place of employment;
5		d.	a specified place frequented regularly by the Petitioner.
6			
7	6.	. P1	rohibit the Respondent from approaching, confronting, or following the
8	P	etitione	r in a public place or on private property;
9			
10	7.	. Pı	rohibit the Respondent from placing an object on, or delivering an objec
11	to	, prope	rty owned, rented, leased, or occupied by the Petitioner or the
12	P	etitione	r's workplace;
13			
14	8	. Pi	rohibit the Respondent from interfering with the Petitioner at her/his
15	p.	lace of e	employment or education or engaging in conduct that impairs her/his
16	eı	mploym	ent or educational relationship or environment;
17			
18	9.	. Pi	rohibit the Respondent from purchasing or possessing a firearm;
19			
20	_		rohibit the Respondent from having access to information in records
21			ng a minor child of Petitioner and Respondent that will reveal
22			r's address, telephone number, or employment address or other contact
23	ir	ıformati	on or that will reveal the child's address, telephone number, or other
24	C	ontact in	nformation;
25			
26			rohibit the Respondent from interfering with or destroying property
27	0,	wned by	y the Petitioner.
28			
29			al conditions for domestic PPOs. The Tribal Court may impose the
30	following	g additio	onal conditions in domestic PPO orders:
31			
32	1.	. Pi	rohibit the Respondent from entering the joint residence;
33			
34	2.	. Pi	rohibit the Respondent from removing property from the joint residence
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1	unless	otherwise ordered by the Court;
2		
3	3.	Prohibit the Respondent from taking, hiding or destroying joint property;
4		
5	4.	Prohibit the Respondent from denying Petitioner access to minor
6	child(re	en) of the Respondent and Petitioner;
7		
8		
9	I. Requir	red Notifications. PPOs issued by the Tribal Court shall contain the
10	following notic	ees:
11		
12	1.	Inform the Respondent that a violation of these conditions may result in
13	her/his	immediate arrest. Responding to contact or invitation initiated by the
14	Petition	ner may result in the Respondent violating the PPO and the Respondent
15	may be	arrested for the violation.
16		
17	2.	Inform the Respondent that as a result of this order, federal, tribal and/or
18	state la	w may prohibit her/him from possessing or purchasing ammunition or a
19	firearm	
20		
21	3.	Inform the Respondent that he/she may file a motion to modify or
22	termina	te this order. This particular notice must inform the Respondent that if the
23	order w	as entered ex parte, the motion must be filed within 14 days after being
24	served	with or receiving actual notice of the order. This particular notice must
25	inform	the Respondent that forms and instructions are available from the court
26	clerk.	
27		
28	4.	State clearly the effective date of the order and when the order expires.
29		,
30	5.	State clearly the potential penalties for violation of the order.
31		
32	6.	State clearly that the PPO is effective until the expiration date or until
33	further	order of the Tribal Court.
34		
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1	J.	Transm	ission of PPO to law enforcement agencies, explanation of PPO to
2	parties; notification. Following the issuance of a PPO the Tribal Court shall do the		
3	follow	ing:	
4			
5		1.	Cause the order to be delivered to Tribal Law Enforcement or other
6		appropri	ate person(s) and/or agency for service and entry into the Law
7		Enforcer	nent Information System (LEIN) system;
8			
9		2. N	Make reasonable efforts to ensure that the PPO is understood by the
0		Petitione	er, and if present, the Respondent; and
1			
2		<b>3.</b> T	ransmit, by the end of the next business day after the order is issued, a
3		copy of t	he PPO to the local law enforcement agency or other agencies designated
4		by the Pe	etitioner.
5			
6		<b>4.</b> N	Notify the Petitioner upon receipt of the proof of service of the PPO.
7			
8			
9			
0.0	SECT	TION V.	HEARINGS
21			
22	A.	Notice. V	Upon receiving any request for a hearing, either requesting a PPO or
23	contes	sting a PPC	O, the Tribal Court shall hold a hearing with 10 business days. The Tribal
24	Court	shall prov	ide at least seven (7) days' notice of any hearing held pursuant to this
25	Statute. Notice shall be provided in accordance with the Tribal Court Rules of Civil		
26	Procee	dure unles	s otherwise provided for in this Statute.
27			
28	В.	Presenta	ation of witnesses, evidence; right to cross examine. The Petitioner and
29	Respo	ndent will	each have the opportunity to present testimony and evidence, including
0	witnes	ss testimor	ny. The Petitioner and the Respondent may have the court issue and serve
1	subpo	enas for w	itnesses to attend the hearing.
32			
3	C.	Attenda	nce of parties not required. The Tribal Court may proceed with the
4	hearin	g in the ab	osence of either party.
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_	<b>D.</b> After the Hearing the Court may commit the terms of the ex parte order, or
3	modify or amend the order. Additionally, the Court may order civil assistance, or a
4	mutually agreed upon third party involvement so that either the Petitioner or Respondent
5	may be able to access personal property or property of the minor children as appropriate.
6	The order shall include reasonable dates, times, and locations for transfer of possessions.
7	•
8	SECTION VI. ARREST FOR VIOLATIONS OF ORDERS
9	
10	A. When a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a Respondent
11	has violated a court Protection Order or No Contact Order, the officer may, without a
12	warrant, arrest the apparent violator whether or not the violation was committed in the
13	presence of the officer.
14	
15	
16	SECTION VII. IMMUNITY
17	
18	<b>A.</b> Any law enforcement officer shall have immunity from any liability, civil or
19	criminal, in making arrests or exercising any other authority granted under this Statute, if
20	the law enforcement officer acts within the scope of his/her authority.
21	
22	<b>B.</b> Law enforcement officers shall have the same immunity with respect to
23	participation in any court proceedings resulting from arrests made for any crimes or
24	violations involving a PPO.
25	
26	SECTION VIII. CONFIDENTIALITY OF PETITIONER'S ADDRESS
27	
28	<b>A.</b> The address of a Petitioner is confidential. Law enforcement, criminal justice
29	personnel, probation and advocates shall not reveal the Petitioner's address
30	
31	<b>B.</b> A Petitioner may omit her or his address from all documents filed with the Court.
32	If a Petitioner omits her or his address, the Petitioner must provide the Court a mailing
33	address or, in the event the Petitioner is utilizing advocacy services, the name of an
34	advocate that has the ability to contact the Petitioner. If disclosure of Petitioner's address
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1 2	is necessary to determine jurisdiction the Court may order the disclosure to be made:
3	1. After receiving the Petitioner's consent;
4 5	2. Orally and in chambers, out of the presence of the Respondent and a
6	sealed record may be made; or
7	scaled record may be made, or
8	<b>3.</b> After a hearing, if the Court takes into consideration the safety of the
9	Petitioner and finds such disclosure is in the interest of justice.
0	J
1	
2	SECTION IX. MUTUAL PROTECTION ORDERS PROHIBITED.
.3	
4	The Court shall not grant mutual Protection Orders. This does not preclude each of the
.5	parties from pursuing a PPO individually against the other party.
6	
7	
8	SECTION X. PETITIONER CANNOT VIOLATE THEIR OWN
9	PROTECTION ORDER.
20	
21	A Petitioner cannot be considered by any invitation as having violated, or be subject to
22	arrest for a violation of, their own Protection Order.
23	
24	
25	SECTION XI. TRIBAL REGISTRY FOR PROTECTION ORDERS:
26 27	SECTION AL. TRIBAL REGISTRY FOR PROTECTION ORDERS:
28	A. To ensure the proper and timely enforcement of all LTBB Tribal Protection
29	Orders, and any foreign orders falling within its purview and jurisdiction, the LTBB
80	Tribal Court shall provide for a registry that shall be a record of all Protection Orders
31	issued by or registered with the LTBB Tribal Court. The Court Clerk shall provide the
32	law enforcement dispatch centers with certified copies of Protection Orders within the
3	same day of issuance.
34	•
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## LEG-274 Posted 02/24/20

1	<b>B.</b> The Court shall coordinate with, and ensure that any LTBB Tribal Protection						
2	Orders are submitted to any other registries, whether federal, state, Tribal, or local, for						
3	the purpose of enhancing full faith and credit enforcement of all Protection Orders,						
4	including provisions to enter the Protection Orders in the National Crime Information						
5	Center (NCIC) database.						
6							
7	C. The Court Clerk shall also immediately provide the dispatch centers and						
8	designated registry with certified copies and information concerning any modifications,						
9	revocations, withdrawals, and/or expired, Protection Orders.						
10							
11	<b>D.</b> The Court shall provide that information contained in the registry shall be						
12	available on a 24-hour basis to any court, law enforcement agency, or domestic violence						
13	program.						
14							
15							
16	Revised 9.1112: SECTION XII. DURATION, VIOLATIONS OF PPO,						
17	SANCTIONS, HEARING						
18							
19	A. PPOs may be issued for up to 1 year in duration. Petitioner may file a Petition to						
20	renew the PPO towards the end of the period if circumstances exist warranting an						
21	extension. Except as provided in Section VII. C9.707C and Section VIII.9.708	Formatted: Font: Not Bold					
22	(Delomestic V-violence PPOs), violations of non-domestic violence PPOs are punishable	Formatted: Font: Not Bold  Formatted: Font: Not Bold					
23	as criminal contempt of court and are to be heard by the court.	Formatted: Font: Not Bold					
24							
25	B. There is no right to a jury trial.						
26							
27	C. An individual found violating a non-domestic violence PPO by the court may be						
28	sentenced to a maximum of ninety (90) days in jail and/or a \$500.00 fine for each						
29	violation. Domestic Violence PPO violations in 9.707Section VII. C and 9.708Section	Formatted: Font: Not Bold					
30	VIII. are considered crimes, punishable up to a year in jail and up to a \$5,000 fine, with	Formatted: Font: Not Bold					
31	the right of a jury trial attaching.						
32							
33	D. The standard of proof at any PPO violation hearing is beyond a reasonable doubt,						
34	and the rules of evidence apply.						

1 2	SECTION XII.	VIOLATION OF PPO; SANCTIONS	
3	Violations of a P	PO is a crime. An individual found guilty of violating a PPO may be	
4		for up to 60 days and/or a \$500.00 fine for each violation.	
5	semente to jun	to ap to so days and of a quotion fine for each financial.	
6			
7	SECTION XIII	. REGULATIONS REQUIRED	
8			
9	Regulations shall	be developed by the Executive Branch and presented to Tribal Council	
10	for approval in a	ccordance with the Administrative Procedures Act that includes, but not	
11	limited to, clearly	y defining the rights, responsibilities, and requirements of the Petitioner	
12	and Respondent	during the issuance, continuation and termination of a PPO.	
13			
14			
15			
16	SECTION XIV.	SEVERABILITY CLAUSE	
17			
18		ction or part of this Statute is found to be unconstitutional, such a finding	
19	shall not render invalid the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the		
20	offending section	1.	
21			
22		**************************************	
23	SECTION XV.	EFFECTIVE DATE	
24	This Contacts is all	Section and the circumstate English and 20 leads from the circumstate of	
25 26		fective upon the signature of the Executive, or 30 days from submission	
26 27	Council override	branch, or if the Executive vetoes the legislation, then upon Tribal	
28	Council override	of the veto.	
20 29			
30	SECTION XVI	OTHER RELATED STATUTES	
31	SECTION AVI	OTHER RELATED STATUTES	
32	See WOS	5 2009-009 Sex Offense, Crime and Criminal Code, Victims' Rights	
33		c Violence, or as may be amended.	
34		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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